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CLAIMS:

- 1. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide which comprises the amino acid sequence DELLAALGYKVRASDMA and which on expression in a *Triticum Aestivum* plant provides
 5 inhibition of growth of the plant, which inhibition is antagonised by gibberellin.
- An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 1 wherein the polypeptide includes the amino acid sequence of a Rht
 polypeptide obtainable from Triticum Aestivum.
- An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 2 which includes the nucleotide sequence of nucleic acid obtainable from Triticum Aestivum encoding the Rht polypeptide, the nucleotide sequence including

 GACGAGCTGCTGGCGGCGCTCGGGTACAAGGTGCGCGCCTCCGACATGGCG.
 - An isolated polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide which comprises the amino acid sequence shown in Figure 8b.
 - 5. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 4 which has the coding nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 8a.
- An isolated polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide which 25 on expression in a plant provides inhibition of growth of the plant, which inhibition is antagonised by gibberellin, wherein the polypeptide has an amino acid sequence which shows at least 80% similarity with the amino acid sequence of

the Rht polypeptide of Triticum Aestivum encoded by nucleic acid obtainable from Triticum Aestivum which includes the nucleotide sequence

GACQAGCTGCTGGCGCGCTCGGGTACAAGGTGCGCGCCTCCGACATGGCG.

7. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 6 wherein said polypeptide includes the amino acid sequence DELLAALGYKVRASDMA.

10 8. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 6 wherein said polypeptide includes a contiguous sequence of 17 amino acids in which at least 10 residues show amino acid similarity or identity with the residue in the corresponding position in the amino acid sequence DELLAALGYKVRASDMA.

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- 9. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 8 wherein said polypeptide includes a contiguous sequence of 17 amino acids in which 16 residues show amino acid identity with the residue in the corresponding position in the amino acid 20 sequence DELLAALGYKVRASDMA.
 - 10. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 9 wherein said polypeptide includes the amino acid sequence shown in Figure 9b for the maize D8 polypeptide.

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11. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 10 which has the coding nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 9a.

12. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 9 wherein said polypeptide includes the amino acid sequence shown in Figure 6b.

5 13. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 12 which has the coding nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 6a.

An isolated polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide which on expression in a plant confers a phenotype on the plant

10 which is gibberellin-unresponsive dwarfism or which on expression in a rht null mutant phenotype plant complements the rht null mutant phenotype, such rht null mutant phenotype being resistance to the dwarfing effect of paclobutrazol, wherein the polypeptide has an amino acid sequence which

15 shows at least 80% similarity with the amino acid sequence of the Rht polypeptide of Triticum Aestivum encoded by nucleic acid obtainable from Triticum Aestivum which includes the nucleotide sequence

GACGAGCTGCTGGCGGCGCTCGGGTACAAGGTGCGCGCCTCCGACATGGCG.

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15. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 14 wherein the polypeptide includes the amino acid sequence of a Rht polypeptide obtainable from Triticum Aestivum, with one or more amino acids deleted.

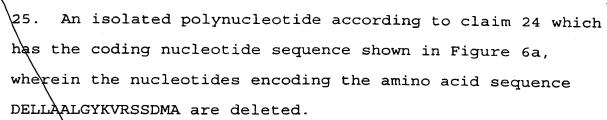
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16. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 15 wherein the amino acid sequence DELLAALGYKVRASDMA is deleted.

- 17. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 15 wherein the amino acid sequence LNAPPPPLPPAPQ is deleted.
- 18. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 14 wherein 5 the polypeptide includes the amino acid sequence shown in Figure 9b for the maize D8 polypeptide, with one or more amino acids deleted.
- 19. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 18 wherein 10 the amino acid sequence DELLAALGYKVRSSDMA is deleted.
- 20. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 19 which has the coding nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 9a, wherein the nucleotides encoding the amino acid sequence
 15 DELLAALGYKVRSSDMA are deleted.
 - 21. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 18 wherein the amino acid sequence VAQK is deleted.
- 20 22. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 18 wherein the amino acid sequence LATDTVHYNPSD is deleted.
- 23. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 14 wherein the polypeptide includes the amino acid sequence shown in 25 Figure 6b, with one or more amino acids deleted.
 - 24. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 23 wherein the amino acid sequence DELLAALGYKVRSSDMA deleted.

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- 26. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide which comprises the amino acid sequence shown in Figure 8b, with the amino acid sequence DELLAALGYKVRASDMA deleted.
- 10 27. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 26 which has the coding nucleotide sequence shown in Figure 8a, wherein the nucleotides encoding the amino acid sequence DELLAALGYKVRASDMA are deleted.
- An isolated polynucleotide wherein a polynucleotide Qoim I according to any of claims 1 to 27 is operably linked to a regulatory sequence for expression.
- 29. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 28 wherein 20 the regulatory sequence includes an inducible promoter.
- 20. An isolated polynucleotide of which the nucleotide sequence is complementary to a sequence of at least 50 contiguous nucleotides of the coding sequence or sequence

 25 complementary to the coding sequence of nucleic acid claim 1 according to any of claims 1 to 27 suitable for use in antisense or sense regulation ("co-suppression") of expression said coding sequence and under control of a regulatory

sequence for transcription.

31. A polynucleotide according to claim 30 wherein the regulatory sequence includes an inducible promoter.

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32. A nucleic acid vector suitable for transformation of a chim; plant cell and including a polynucleotide according to any proceding claim.

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10 33. A host cell containing a heterologous polynucleotide or Ckin I nucleic acid vector according to any preceding claim.

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A host cell according to claim 33 which is microbial.

15 35. A host cell according to claim 33 which is a plant cell.

36. A plant cell according to claim 35 having heterologous said polynucleotide within its chromosome.

Subject

20 37. A plant cell according to claim 36 having more than one said polynucleotide per haploid genome.

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38. A plant cell according to any of claims 35 to 37, which is comprised in a plant, a plant part or a plant propagule, 25 or an extract or derivative of a plant.

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39. A method of producing a cell according to any of claims 33 to 37, the method including incorporating said

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polynucleotide or nucleic acid vector into the cell by means of transformation.

- 40. A method according to claim 39 which includes
 5 recombining the polynucleotide with the cell genome nucleic acid such that it is stably incorporated therein.
- 41. A method according to claim 39 or claim-40 which includes regenerating a plant from one or more transformed 10 cells.
 - 42. A plant comprising a plant cell according to any of claims 35 to 37.
- 15 43. A part or propagule of a plant comprising a plant cell claim 35 according to any of claims 35 to 37.

A method of producing a plant, the method including incorporating a polynucleotide or nucleic acid vector claim;

20 according to any of claims 1 to 32 into a plant cell and regenerating a plant from said plant cell.

- 45. A method according to claim 44 including sexually or asexually propagating or growing off-spring or a descendant 25 of the plant regenerated from said plant cell.
 - 46. A method of influencing a characteristic of a plant, the method including causing or allowing expression from a

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heterologous polynucleotide according to any of claims a to

- 47. Use of a polymucleotide according to any of claims 1 to 5 32 in the production of a transgenic plant.
- 48. A method of identifying or obtaining a polynucleotide according to claim 6, the method including screening candidate nucleic acid using a nucleic acid molecule which specifically hybridises with a polynucleotide according to claim 3 any of claims 1 to 13.
 - 49. A method according to claim 48 wherein oligonucleotide primers are employed in PCR.
 - 50. A method according to claim 49 wherein said primers are selected from those shown in Tables 1 and 2.
- An isolated polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide claim 1

 20 according to any of claims 1 to 27.
 - 52. An antibody including an antigen-binding site with specific binding affinity for the polypeptide according to claim 51.
 - 53. A polypeptide including the antigen-binding site of an antibody according to claim 52.

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54. A method of identifying or obtaining a polypeptide according to claim 51, the method including screening candidate polypeptides with an antibody or polypeptide according to thaim 52 or claim 53.

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